## Homework assignment $1^{*}$

## Due date: Monday February 12, 2007

## 1. Laguerre's equation

The Laguerre equation is:

$$
x y^{\prime \prime}+(1-x) y^{\prime}+n y=0,
$$

where $n$ is a non-negative integer. Show that for every $n$, Laguerre's equation has a polynomial solution of degree $n$, and determine these polynomials for $n=0,1,2$ and 3 .

## 2. Method of Frobenius I

Find the first 3 terms of the series expansion about $x=0$ of 2 linearly independent solutions to

$$
x^{2} y^{\prime \prime}-x^{2} y^{\prime}+\left(x^{2}-2\right) y=0
$$

## 3. Method of Frobenius II

Determine the form of a series expansion about $x=0$ of 2 linearly independent solutions to

$$
x y^{\prime \prime}-s y^{\prime}+x^{3} y=0
$$

where $s$ is an arbitrary real number. Don't determine the coefficients of the series. Your answer should depend on the value of $s$.
4. Property of the Gaussian hypergeometric function.

Denoting the Gaussian hypergeometric function by $F(\alpha, \beta, \gamma ; x)$, show that

$$
\ln (1+x)=x F(1,1,2 ;-x)
$$

## 5. Properties of Bessel functions.

Denoting the Bessel function of the first kind of order $\nu>0$ by $J_{\nu}(x)$, show that the following properties hold:

$$
\frac{d}{d x}\left(x^{-\nu} J_{\nu}(x)\right)=-x^{-\nu} J_{\nu+1}(x) \text { and } J_{\nu+1}(x)=\frac{2 \nu}{x} J_{\nu}(x)-J_{\nu-1}(x)
$$

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[^0]:    *MAP 4305; Instructor: Patrick De Leenheer.

